NMSU QUALITY INITIATIVE

IMPROVING STUDENT DISCIPLINARY WRITING

STUDENTS DON'T WRITE AS WELL AS WE THINK THEY SHOULD

WHY DON'T STUDENTS WRITE AS WELL AS WE THINK THEY SHOULD?

WHAT DO WE NEED KNOW?

- How frequently do students write?
- How much do students write?
- What types of writing do students do?
- How much instruction do we give?
- What resources do we provide?
- How clearly do we communicate expectations?
- How much feedback do we give?
- How important is writing?
- How well do students write?
- How do faculty think about and approach writing?

SOURCES OF INFORMATION

- 1. Evaluation and assessment of actual student writing generally and in the disciplines
- 2. Syllabi Analysis
- 3. Student-reported experiences with writing at NMSU
- 4. Student perceptions about writing
- 5. Faculty attitudes and beliefs about writing
- 6. Institutional policies and practices that impact writing
- 7. Resources available to students that support writing

FREQUENCY & QUANTITY

Similar to our peers

Varies widely by college and discipline

WHERE

- Across campus, in multiple places primarily in courses
 - Required writing courses
 - Discipline courses
- Most likely to have writing in Education
- Least likely to have writing in Engineering

TYPES

- Most common:
 - Personal Reaction
 - Other
 - Paper
- Least common:
 - Creative
 - Take Home Exam

TYPES

- Freshman report above our peers that in their writing they have had to:
 - Describe methods/findings related to data
 - Explain numerical/statistical data
 - Address a specified audience (real/imagined)
- Seniors report below our peers that in their writing they have had to:
 - Evaluate or analyze something they read, researched or observed
 - Argue a position w/ evidence & reason*
 - Write in the style/format of a specific field

TYPES

Lowest performing item score for Seniors was a statement about how often they summarized what they learned in class or from course materials

 –5% point difference from our peer/ comparison group

INSTRUCTION

- ENGL111G 4 credits (1 semester)
 - English ACT of 16+
 - Cap enrollment is 27
 - 1 of the 4 ENGL111G credits requires online completion
 - 22% of students are ELLs
- "Second writing course" 3 credits
- VWW 3-6 credits
 - require writing that demonstrates the integration of knowledge

RESOURCES

- Writing Center
- Career Center Resume Building Workshops
- Syllabi
 - 82% do *not* suggest writing resources
 - 98% do *not* suggest research resources
 - 99% do *not* reference an exemplar/prototype
- Very limited resources for domestic ELL

EXPECTATIONS

Students identify *clarity* of instruction and expectations as having significant impact on their writing experiences and success – 2nd only to feedback.

EXPECTATIONS

Freshman report above our peers:

 instructors provide clear instructions and explain in advance learning outcomes and grading criteria

Seniors report *below* our peers (same) and specifically on the frequency that instructors:

 "provided clear instructions describing what he or she wanted you to do."

Syllabi

- 86% do not mention criteria
- 91% format of the rubric is unknown
- 86% no explicit link to a learning goal/objective
- 91% do not include writing specifications

FEEDBACK

Students identify *feedback* (formative) with the most frequency, as having significant impact on their writing experiences and success.

 97% of writing assignments do not require formative feedback

IMPORTANCE

- Students say that NMSU does or does not think writing is important based on
 - curricular requirements (writing courses)
 - course requirements (writing assignments)
- Students associate more writing with greater importance of writing in the discipline

 Students believe their success in writing is of more concern to them than it is to NMSU

QUALITY

NMSU students are "average"

Satisfaction with discipline writing varies across departments

QUALITY

CLA

- Strength (Seniors): writing mechanics
- Weakness (Seniors): problem solving

NMSU GE Assessment

- 57% of Juniors and Seniors rated competent/ exemplary
 - 85% in "mechanics and grammar"
 - 55% in "organization"
 - 56% in "rhetorical strategies"

FACULTY

WHAT DOES THE RESEARCH SAY?

WHAT DO FACULTY SAY ABOUT THEIR OWN WRITING?

DOES SOMETHING CHANGE WHEN FACULTY THINK ABOUT ASSIGNING WRITING IN THEIR OWN COURSES?

FACULTY INTENTIONS

Study 1: Influences on faculty intention to assign writing

- Attitudes
- Perceived Difficulty

Time and difficulty involved in grading is

- A disadvantage
- Makes assigning writing beyond their control
- Makes it difficult to assign writing

FACULTY INTENTIONS

Study 2: Predicting faculty intentions

- #1 belief that "it is good for the student"
 - Accounts for 41% of variance
- And... (account for additional 18% of variance)
 - Increase student learning
 - Increase critical thinking
 - Increase ability to communicate
 - Increase ability to apply what is learned in class
 - Increase reflection on course material
 - Aids in assessment of student learning

FACULTY INTENTIONS

PRODUCT

Writing to demonstrate writing ability

Writing to communicate

Longer, formal, summative assignments

Grade for "writing" over content

End in itself

PROCESS

Writing to learn

Writing to process information

Iterative

Shorter, informal, formative assignments

Writing often

Grade for content over "writing"; or not graded

Means to an end

EXPANDING THE CONVERSATION

Sharing information

- What does it mean?
- What about in the context of your department?
- What about in the context of your courses?

What, if anything, should we do?

- As an institution?
- In your department?
- In your courses?

ADDITIONAL ACTIVITIES

- 11 College Teams to NMHEAA Summer Retreat
- 3 Cohorts of Writing to Learn Mini-grants (21 individuals)
- 1 Cohort of TA Writing to Learn participants (8 individuals)
- Video interviews; documentary
- Teaching Academy workshops by English Department
- **Brown Bag events in the Teaching Academy**
- Dr. John Bean, Writing in the Disciplines (WID) expert
- Drs. Roger and Heather Graves, Writing Across the Curriculum (WAC) and WID experts NMSU Conference on Assessment
- Student writing competition co-sponsored with ASNMSU and the New York Times in Education
- **NMSU WAC summer workshops**